

(S1 1/3 & 3/5 101)

**3 YEAR LL.B. DEGREE EXAMINATION,
APRIL 2024.**

(Regular & Supplementary)

First Semester

**Paper I – CONTRACTS I – (GENERAL
PRINCIPLES OF CONTRACT)
(SECS. 1.75 INCLUDING SPECIFIC RELIEF ACT)**

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

PART A — (6 × 2 = 12 marks)

Answer any SIX of the following questions.

- 1. Specific relief**
- 2. Temporary injunction**
- 3. Suit upon quantum merit**
- 4. Nominal damages**
- 5. Contingent contract**
- 6. Agreement by way of wager**
- 7. Novation**

8. E-Contract
9. General offer
10. Reciprocal promises

PART B — (2 × 14 = 28 marks)

Answer any TWO of the following questions.

11. Define offer and acceptance and explain the rules regarding their revocation.
12. An agreement without consideration is void". Comment and state exceptions.
13. Explain the circumstances by which a court can direct specific performance of part of a contract. State the ground on which specific performance of contract may be denied.

14. Define misrepresentation, fraud and mistake. Distinguish between them.

PART C — (2 × 15 = 30 marks)

Answer any TWO of the following questions.

15. Rajesh has agreed to deliver the goods to Suresh at Bangalore on a specified day for a certain price. Time is essence of the contract. Rajesh fails to deliver the goods on the specific day to Suresh. Suresh rescinds the contract and files a suit to recover damages. Decide.

16. In the course of employment as an advocate, James got possession of some letters written by his client James. James threatens to disclose the contents of the letters to a stranger. Can James sue for injunction?

17. At the time of partition of the family property it was agreed that the two brothers 'X' and 'Y' will bear the marriage expenses of 'Z' the sister, of the family. 'X' and 'Y' fail to fulfil the promise. Provide legal advice to the sister 'Z'.

18. A dead body of the husband of widow woman was not lifted due to the obstructions continued by the relatives of her husband till he consented to adopt a child. The lady wishes to declare this adoption void under the undue influence. Comment with the help of decided case law and statutory provision.

(S1 1/3 & 3/5 101)

LL.B. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE 2023

(Regular & Supplementary)

First Semester

Law

PAPER—I CONTRACTS - I (GENERAL PRINCIPLES
OF CONTRACT) (SECS.1.75 INCLUDING SPECIFIC
RELIEF ACT)

(Common for I/III and III/V candidates)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

PART A — (6 × 2 = 12 marks)

Answer any SIX of the following questions.

1. Essential of valid Contract
2. Cross Offer
3. Anticipatory breach of Contract
4. Kinds of damages
5. Doctrine of Privy Council
6. Fraud
7. Wagering Agreement.

8. Immoral objects
9. Quantum meruit
10. Perpetual injunctions.

PART B — (2 × 14 = 28 marks)

Answer any TWO of the following questions.

11. Define valid contract. Explain the essentials of valid contract.
12. What is the effect of agreement made by persons not qualified to contract and what are the contract with a minor to be valid?

13. 'Specific relief is a judicial discretionary remedy' - Comment.

14. Explain in detail the various kinds of injunctions.

PART C — (2 × 15 = 30 marks)

Answer any TWO of the following questions.

15. Mr. Arun offers by a letter to sell his car to Mr. Sudhakar for Rs. 95,000/-. Mr. Sudhakar at the same time offers by a letter to buy Arun's Car for 95,000/-. The two letters cross each other in the post. Is there a concluded contract between Mr. Arun and Mr. Sudhakar?

16. Mr. X tells his wife that he would commit suicide. if she did not transfer her personal assets to him. She does so under threat. Can the wife avoid the contract.

17. "A" executed a promissory note in favour of 'B' while he was a minor. The promissory note was renewed by A in favour of B when he attains the age of majority. B files a suit against A on the basis of the second promissory note. Will B succeed?

18. M an old man of poor sight endorsed a bill of exchange of Rs.15,000/- thinking that it was a guarantee is M liable to pay the amount?

(S1 1/3 & 3/5 101 (12))

**3 YEAR LL.B. DEGREE EXAMINATION,
JUNE 2022.**

(Regular & Supplementary)

First Semester

Paper I – LAW OF CONTRACTS – I

(Common for I/III and III/V Candidates)

**(General Principles of Law of Contract Sec. 1.75
Including Specific Relief Act)**

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

PART A — (6 × 2 = 12 marks)

Answer any SIX following.

Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. Unconditional acceptance**
- 2. Cross offers**
- 3. Mistake of law**
- 4. Doctrine of Novation**
- 5. Marriage brokerage contract**

6. Wagering contract
7. E-contract
8. Quasi Contract
9. Quantum Meruit
10. Frustration

PART B — ($2 \times 14 = 28$ marks)

Answer any TWO questions.

Each question carries 14 marks.

11. "The Law of contract is not the whole law of agreements nor is it the whole law of obligation" – Discuss.
12. Evaluate the doctrine of consideration in the light of recommendations of Law Commission of India.
13. Write in brief about consent, free consent, and flaws in consent?
14. What are the various remedies available to an aggrieved party against the other on the breach of a contract?

PART C — ($2 \times 15 = 30$ marks)

Answer any TWO questions.

Each question carries 15 marks.

15. 'P' issued a pamphlet offering to pay Rs. 10,000/- to anyone who brings to him his missing daughter. 'Q' traces the girl and brings him to 'P'. Can 'Q' claim reward? Does it make any difference that 'Q' is the servant of 'P' sent to trace the girl?
16. A takes up service as an Assistant Doctor under B for two years. He agrees that after he has ceased to be in B's service he will not set up medical practice in the same town in which B is practicing. After two years A sets up a rival medical practice in breach of the agreement. Advise B.
17. 'A' a minor executed a promissory note in favour of 'B'. On becoming major, he executed a fresh promissory note in consideration of the same borrowing. Can 'B' sue on the fresh promissory note?
18. Ramana agreed to sell to Ranga the entire crop of apples growing in his orchard. After the agreement was made, a sudden frost destroyed the crop. Ramana claimed that the contract was discharged because of impossibility of performance. Advise Ranga.

(S1 1/3 & 3/5 101 (12))

**LL.B. DEGREE EXAMINATION,
AUGUST/SEPTEMBER 2021.**

(Regular/Supplementary)

First Semester

Paper I — CONTRACTS – I

**(General Principles of Contracts (Sections 1–75)
Including Specific Relief Act)**

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

PART A — (6 × 2 = 12 marks)

Write short notes on any SIX of the following.

- 1. Voidable agreements**
- 2. Contingent contract**
- 3. Coersion**
- 4. Undue influence**
- 5. Novation**
- 6. Breach of contract**
- 7. Acceptance**
- 8. Wagering contracts**

9. Specific performance
10. Capacity to contract.

PART B — (2 × 14 = 28 marks)

Answer any TWO questions.

11. Define contract and what are the essentials of a valid contract.
12. What are the various modes by which a contract may be discharged?
13. Stranger to a contract cannot sue but a stranger to a consideration can sue. Explain.
14. Explain about anticipatory breach of contract. How does it differ from actual breach?

PART C — (2 × 15 = 30 marks)

Answer any TWO questions.

15. A minor girl was allotted a role of an actress in a particular film by B. This agreement was made with A's father. Later she was removed from the role. Who is authorised to file a suit against B. Whether it is A or A's father. Explain.
16. A and B jointly own Rs. 2 crores to C. A paid the amount to C. B not knowing the fact paid the amount again to C. Can B recover the amount from C. Explain.

17. A and B are traders. A has information about change in prices which will effect B's willingness to enter the contract. A keeps silent and enter into contract with B. Whether silence amounts to fraud. Explain.

18. X agrees to deliver the goods to 'Y' for certain price on 1.10.2020. X fails to deliver the goods. Y rescinds the contract and files a suit to claim damages. Discuss the above case as per Sec 55 of Indian contract Act where 'TIME IS THE ESSENCE OF THE CONTRACT'.

(S1 1/3 & 3/5 101 (12))

**3 YEARS LL.B. DEGREE EXAMINATION,
MARCH 2020.**

First Semester

Paper I –CONTRACTS – I

(Common for I/III and II/IV candidates)

**(General Principles of Law of Contract Sec.1.75)
Including Specific Relief Act**

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

PART A — (6 × 2 = 12 marks)

Answer any SIX of the following questions.

- 1. Mis representation.**
- 2. Novation.**
- 3. Dumping of goods.**
- 4. Uncertain agreements.**
- 5. Anticipatory breach.**
- 6. Preventive Relief.**
- 7. Restitution.**

8. Privity of contract.
9. Agreement.

10. Immoral objects.

PART B — ($2 \times 14 = 28$ marks)

Answer any TWO questions.

11. "To form a valid contract these must be a meeting of minds of the parties to the contrary". Comment.
12. Explain the doctrine of public policy. Give illustrations of agreement contract to it and the consequences there of.
13. What are the various ways in which a contract may be discharged?
14. "Specific Relief is a judicial discretionary remedy". Comment.

PART C — ($2 \times 15 = 30$ marks)

Answer any TWO questions.

15. 'A' is a spiritual advisor. 'B' is an old Hindu Man. 'A' advises 'B' to gift away the entire property he owns with a view to secure benefits to his soul in the next world. 'B' this makes gift of his property to 'A'. Is it valid?

16. 'K' a minor falsely represents to B that he is a major and purchases some luxury goods on credit. 'B' sues for recovery of the price. Decide.

17. 'X' a dealer in fruits leaves a packet containing fruits and 'Y's house by mistake. 'Y' consumes those fruits. Can 'X' recover money from 'Y' for the goods (fruits) left of his house?

18. 'A' promises to pay 'B' a sum of money if a certain ship does not return within a year. The ship never returns ; can 'B' recover the money from 'A'.

(S1 1/3&3/5 103)

3 YEAR LL.B. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2024.

(Regular & Supplementary)

First Semester

**Paper III – TORTS AND CONSUMER
PROTECTION LAW**

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

SECTION A — (6 × 2 = 12 marks)

Answer any SIX of the following questions .

1. Defective goods
2. Malicious prosecution
3. Reasonable care
4. Ubi jus ibi remedium
5. Inevitable accident
6. Negligence
7. Tort feassors
8. State the exceptions to principle of strict liability
9. Define Consumer
10. Breach of contract

(S1 1/3 & 3/5 103)

L.L.B. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE 2023

First Semester

BACHELOR OF LAW

**Paper III — TORTS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION
LAW**

Common for I/III and III/IV candidates

(Regular & Suppelmentary)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

PART A — (6 × 2 = 12 marks)

Answer any SIX of the following questions.

- 1. Trespass and Trespass ab-initio**
- 2. Consumer Protection Council**
- 3. Difference between tort and crime**
- 4. Malicious Prosecution**
- 5. Doctrine of common employment**
- 6. Restrictive Trade Practice**
- 7. Occupier**

8. Slander
9. Absolute Liability
10. Innuendo

PART B — (2 × 14 = 28 marks)

Answer any TWO of the following questions.

11. Discuss the liability of state for the torts committed by its servants. Whether the state will get sovereign immunity today? Discuss the Supreme Court Cases.
12. What do you understand by Defamation? Are there any defence available case of defamation?
13. Explain Nuisance with its essential characters and remedies available to it
14. Explain false imprisonment and state the defenses to an action of false imprisonment.

PART C — (2 × 15 = 30 marks)

Answer any TWO of the following questions.

15. Two strangers took a lift in a jeep and were injured and one of them subsequently died due to accident caused because of right wheel which went off the jeep alt of sudden. Is the owner of jeep liable for the death and injuries?

16. The defendant workers gathered around the plaintiff rolling of their sleeves and threatening to break his neck if he did not immediately leave the place. Is the defendant liable for a tort?

17. Mr. X constructed an artificial water reservoir which was fed by a natural stream. There was a breach of reservoir due to heavy rainfall was quite exceptional lands belonging to Mr. Y were damaged. Decide the liability of Mr. X

18. MR. X dug a deep well in his own land intercepting the flow of ground water. As a result, the volume of the water in his neighbour's well has greatly diminished and became dry. Thereby the neighbour sustained great loss. Is it an actionable tort?

(S1 1/3 & 3/5 103 (12))

3 YEAR LL.B. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE 2022

(Regular & Supplementary)

First Semester

Law

**Paper III — TORTS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION
LAW**

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

PART A — (6 × 2 = 12 marks)

Answer any SIX questions.

- 1. Assault.**
- 2. Doctrine of common employment.**
- 3. Independent contractor.**
- 4. Intimidation.**
- 5. Nicholas vs Marshland.**
- 6. No fault liability.**
- 7. Tribunal under Motor Vehicle Act.**
- 8. Rescue Cases.**
- 9. Ubi jns ibi remdium**
- 10. Nuisance.**

PART B — (2 × 14 = 28 marks)

Answer any TWO questions.

11. What is Tort? Discuss the essential elements of tortious liability.
12. Discuss the role of foresee-ability in the determination of remoteness of damage with decided cases.
13. What is 'Malicious prosecution'? Explain with essentials.
14. Explain composition, appointment and jurisdiction of district forum.

PART C — (2 × 15 = 30 marks)

Answer any TWO questions.

15. 'A', a barber was running a Saloon. 'B', a wealthy person was one of his customers. 'A' and 'B' quarrelled for some reason. 'B', with a malicious intention, to cause loss to 'A', employed some barbers and opened a saloon just opposite to 'A's saloon and charges for less. Consequently, 'A' lost his customers and suffered heavy loss. Can 'A' recover damages from 'B'?

16.

The plaintiffs and the defendant's dogs were fighting. The defendant was beating them in order to separate them, the plaintiff was looking on. The defendant accidentally hit the plaintiff in the eye causing him a severe injury. The plaintiff brings an action against the defendant can he succeed?

17.

'A' has given some amount and cheque to his friend, Who was an employee of the bank for depositing in the A's amount. But the friend, instead of depositing in the A's amount, misappropriated it. Is the bank liable?

18.

The plaintiff resided in a house next to a roman Catholic Church, of which the defendant was the priest and the Church bell was being rung at all hours of the day and night. The plaintiff filed a suit for nuisance. Decide.

(S1 1/3 & 3/5 103(12))

**LL.B. DEGREE EXAMINATION,
AUGUST/SEPTEMBER 2021.**

First Semester

**Paper III — TORTS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION
LAWS**

(Regular & Supplementary)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

PART A — (6 × 2 = 12 marks)

Answer any SIX of the following questions.

- 1. Tort**
- 2. Consumer protection**
- 3. Contributory negligence**
- 4. False imprisonment**
- 5. Res Ipsa loquitor**
- 6. Act of God**
- 7. Exemplary damages**
- 8. Trespass**
- 9. Tortfeasors**
- 10. Relevance of Motive in torts.**

PART B — (2 × 14 = 28 marks)

Answer any TWO of the following.

11. Discuss volenti non fit injuria as a general defence in an action for Tortious liability.
12. Examine the liability of the state for the Torts committed by its servants.
13. Discuss the Rule of strict liability and Absolute liability with relevant case Laws.
14. Explain various Judicial and extra-Judicial Remedies available for an action in Tort.

PART C — (2 × 15 = 30 marks)

Answer any TWO of the following.

15. A received treatment in a company Eye Hospital Due to negligence of the Hospital Doctor A suffered loss of eye sight totally. What are the remedies available to 'A'.
16. A state govt has purchased 10 cars from an automobile dealer for the purpose of its executives. There was a manufacturing defect in one of the cars purchased. the Govt wants to approach consumer forum. Advise.

17.

A sends his car driver B to C. In the course of his during the car, it met with an accident. Who is liable to claim damages when the accident killed a cow and a calf.

18.

A a minor hired a bicycle for his own use from the shop keeper, and gave it to his friend who damaged the cycle Advise the shop keeper as to how he can claim damages.

(S1 1/3 & 3/5 103(12))

**3 YEAR LL.B. DEGREE EXAMINATION,
MARCH 2020.**

First Semester

**Paper III — TORTS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION
LAW**

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

PART A — (6 × 2 = 12 marks)

Answer any SIX of the following questions.

- 1. Definition of tort.**
- 2. Damnum sine injuria.**
- 3. Liability without fault.**
- 4. Extra-judicial remedies.**
- 5. Right of consumer.**
- 6. Malicious prosecutions.**
- 7. Nervous shock.**
- 8. Occupational hazards.**
- 9. Doctrine of contributory negligence.**
- 10. Detinue.**

PART B — (2 × 14 = 28 marks)

Answer any TWO of the following.

11. Explain the maxim 'Res, ipsa loquitor' and its application with the help of decided cases.
12. Explain the general defences applicable to all torts, with special reference to 'Act of God' and 'Necessity'.
13. What is the rule of 'Strict liability'? What are the exceptions to this rule?
14. What are the aims and objects of the Motor Vehicle Act?

PART C — (2 × 15 = 30 marks)

Answer any TWO of the following.

17. A disturbed his neighbour 'B' throughout night by playing music system. Is it an actionable tort? Discuss.
18. Defendants were the proprietors of a stage coach in which the plaintiff and his wife were travelling. The coach was upset by the negligence of the defendants. The plaintiff himself was much bruised and his wife was so severely hurt and died about a month later in an hospital. Can he claim compensations. Discuss.

15. 'D', an Ayurvedic doctor prescribed the medicines of allopathy, which caused the death of a patient. Decide the liability of an Ayurvedic doctor under the Consumer Protection Act.

16. 'X' wrote a letter to his wife in which he criticized 'Y' the father of his wife as a person who acquired property only because of corruption. 'Y' who read the letter sued 'X' for damages. Explain.

(S1 1/3 & 3/5 102)

**3 YEAR LL.B. DEGREE EXAMINATION,
APRIL, 2024.**

(Regular & Supplementary)

First Semester

Law

**Paper – II CONTRACTS – II (SPECIAL CONTRACTS
INCLUDING INDIAN PARTNERSHIP ACT, SALES
OF GOODS ACT)**

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

SECTION A — (6 × 2 = 12 marks)

Answer any SIX questions.

- 1. Cheque**
- 2. Condition and Warranty**
- 3. Relation between Principal and third parties**
- 4. Indemnity**
- 5. Agent**
- 6. Lien**
- 7. Define sale and agreement to sale**
- 8. Position of finder of goods**

9. Minor's status in a partnership firm

10. Doctrine of Holding out

SECTION B — (2 × 14 = 28 marks)

Answer any TWO questions.

11. Define and distinguish between a 'condition' and 'warranty'. Under what circumstances, can breach of condition be treated as a breach of warranty?

12. Who is an agent? Discuss the various duties of an agent towards his principal.

13. Define pledge. Explain the rights and duties of pawnor and pawnee.

14. Discuss the nature of partnership and the process for the registration of partnership firm.

SECTION C — (2 × 15 = 30 marks)

Answer any TWO questions.

15. 'A' entered a clause of penalty in the contract of surety. 'A' mentioned that in case of a default the penalty shall be 10 times the actual loss. The principal debtor defaulted in the contract. Is this clause justifiable? Or if the parties approach the court, is the court bound by this clause? Explain your answer with relevant provisions of contract law.

16.

Mr. Rahul agreed to act as a surety on behalf of Mr. Balu in a contract of guarantee. Mr. Balu was the Principal Debtor and Mr. James was Principal Creditor. Mr. Rahul paid a bribe to get the work done in the office of the government on behalf of Mr. Balu. Later on, Mr. Rahul asked the Principal Debtor to indemnify the bribe money. Is Mr. Balu bound under the Law of guarantee to indemnify the surety? Explain your answer with the relevant provision of law of contract with appropriate justification.

17.

A purchased a gold bangle from B by exercising fraud and pledged it with C before the contract was rescind by B. Is it valid?

18.

Under a contract of sale, A has dispatched one lorry load of apples to B. What are the rights of A? Discuss.

(S1 1/3 & 3/5 102)

LL.B. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE 2023

First Semester

LAW

**PAPER-II CONTRACTS - II (SPECIAL CONTRACTS
INCLUDING INDIAN PARTNERSHIP ACT, SALE OF
GOODS ACT)**

(Regular & Supplementary)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

PART A — (6 × 2 = 12 marks)

Answer any SIX of the following questions.

- 1. Rights of an unpaid seller**
- 2. Implied warranties**
- 3. General Lien**
- 4. Unascertained goods**
- 5. 'Nemodat quod non-habet'.**
- 6. Gratuitous bailment**
- 7. Unpaid seller**
- 8. Rights of indemnity holder**

9. Substitute agent
10. Contract of guarantee

PART B — (2 × 14 = 28 marks)

Answer any TWO of the following questions.

11. Define "Contract of Sale" and 'Agreement to Sell' and distinguish between them.
12. Explain the doctrine of "Caveat Emptor" and state the exception to it.
13. Define Bailment. Explain the essential requisites of Bailment and kinds of Bailment.
14. Define the contract of Partnership and explain the dissolution of firm.

PART C — (2 × 15 = 30 marks)

Answer any TWO of the following questions.

15. A as surety for B, makes a bond jointly with B to C to secure a loan from C to B. afterwards. C obtain from B a further security for the same debt. Subsequently C gives up the further security. Is A discharged?

16. X engaged Y an auctioneer, to some property on the terms that he should receive his due commission of Rs. 750. B however, received secretly Rs. 200/- as commission from the purchaser. Discuss the rights of A and B.

17. X was given power of attorney by Y to manage his business 'X' had to leave the place and he authorized his son Z to look after the business Z had a power from his father. He entered into a contract in the name of Y and signed the same. Discuss the rights and liabilities.
18. A hires a carriage of B. the Carriage is unsafe although B is not aware of it and A is injured. Is B responsible to 'A' for the injury?

(S1 1/3 & 3/5 102 (12))

3 YEAR LL.B. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE 2022

(Regular & Supplementary)

First Semester

Paper II — CONTRACTS – II

(Common for I/III and III/IV candidates)

(Special contracts including Partnership Act, Sale of Goods Act)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

PART A — (6 × 2 = 12 marks)

Answer any SIX of the following questions.

- 1. Bailment.**
- 2. Rights and duties of Agent.**
- 3. Indemnity and Guarantee.**
- 4. Sale of property by non – owner.**
- 5. Kinds of parents.**
- 6. Nature of partnership.**
- 7. Right of unpaid seller.**

8. Pawner and Pawnee.
9. Termination of agency.

10. Dishonour of cheque.

PART B – (2 × 14 = 28 marks)

Answer any TWO of the following questions.

11. Explain the essentials of a contract of guarantee. Distinguish it from a contract of indemnity.
12. What are the conditions and warranties under sale of goods Act, 1930?
13. Define negotiable instrument. What are features promissory note and bill of exchange?
14. Enumerate the rights and liabilities of a minor admitted to the benefits of partnership.

PART C – (2 × 15 = 30 marks)

Answer any TWO of the following questions.

15. A purchased garment worth Rs. 20,000/- from 'B' shop and wore. 'A' got skin disease because of chemicals presume in the garments. A sued for damages against B on the ground merchantable quality. B denied it. Advise.

16. X bailed the goods with Y. Y took reasonable care over the goods. In spite of Y's care goods were lost. 'X' claimed the cost from 'Y'. Decide.

17. An unregistered partnership firm has supplied goods worth Rs. 5 lakhs to X. X refuses to pay the price. Can the firm file a Suit against X for the price? If so what are the conditions to be fulfilled?

18. 'X' on attaining the age of majority, executes a fresh promissory note in consideration of a promissory note executed by him during his minority. Can a suit be maintained on the fresh promissory note? Explain.

(S 1 1/3 & 3/5 102 (12))

**LL.B. DEGREE EXAMINATION,
AUGUST/SEPTEMBER 2021.**

First Semester

Law

(Regular & Supplementary)

Paper II – CONTRACTS – II

**(Special contracts including Indian Partnership Act,
Sale of Goods Act)**

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

PART A — (6 × 2 = 12 marks)

Answer any SIX of the following questions.

- 1. Subrogation.**
- 2. Indemnity.**
- 3. Bailment.**
- 4. Agent.**
- 5. Guarantor.**
- 6. Goods.**
- 7. Principal.**
- 8. Pawnee.**
- 9. Bailor.**
- 10. Substituted agent.**

PART B — (2 × 14 = 28 marks)

Answer any TWO questions.

11. Explain the essentials of contract of indemnity and guarantee.
12. Define the rights and liabilities of finder of lost goods with illustrations.
13. What is contract of sale? Explain the rights of an unpaid seller.
14. Explain the meaning of "implied authority". State the matters of which a partner does not have implied authority.

PART C — (2 × 15 = 30 marks)

Answer any TWO questions.

15. C gives a loan to D guaranteed by 'F'. 'D' makes a default to 'C'. Explain the liability of 'F'.
16. X delivers a cloth to Y to make a shirt, Later X refuses to pay charges to Y. Y refuse to give back the shirt. Decide.

17. X lends a horse of Y for his own riding Y allows Z his family member to ride. Z falls accidentally from the horse and got injured. Decide whether X is liable to pay damages to Z.

18. X, Y, Z are partners in a partnership form. X was caught by the police when he was indulged in gambling. Y filed a petition for dissolution of the firm. Decide.

(S1 1/3 & 3/5 102 (12))

**LL.B. (5 year) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
MARCH 2020.**

First Semester

Paper II — CONTRACTS – II

(Common for I/III and III/IV candidates)

**(Special contracts Including Indian Partnership Act,
Sale of Goods Act)**

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

PART A — (6 × 2 = 12 marks)

Answer any SIX of the following questions

- 1. Continuous guarantee**
- 2. Rights of Agency**
- 3. Gratuitous Bailment**
- 4. subrogation**
- 5. Relation of Principal and third parties**
- 6. Sub agent**
- 7. Ostensible authority of an Agent**

8. Promissory note
9. Reconstitution of a firm
10. Distinction between Condition and Warranty.

PART B — (2 × 14 = 28 marks)

Answer any TWO questions

11. Surety's liability is co-extensive with that of the principal Debtor. Explain this with case law.
12. When is a seller of goods deemed to be an 'unpaid seller'? What are the rights against the goods sold?
13. Discuss the contract of Bailment and Rights and Duties of Bailor and Bailee.
14. Explain contract of Agency and how is it created. Explain the rights and duties of an agent.

PART C — (2 × 15 = 30 marks)

Answer any TWO questions

15. Nandan, a minor took a loan of Rs 50,000 from Prabhu for which Raju has given surety. On demand Nandan denied any liability as he is a minor. Advise Prabhu against whom he can proceed and also decide the validity of the contract of guarantee.

16. Krishna issued a cheque of Rs.1,00,000 in favour of Rajesh. When the cheque is sent for collection it is dishonored. Suggest the way forward for Krishna in light of various statutory provisions.

17. "A" purchased a hot-water bag from a chemist shop. The bag burst when A's wife poured hot boiling water in it and caused injuries to her. Can "A" sue the chemist for damages?

18. Ramana directs Akhil to sell his estate. Akhil finds a mine in the estate. Ramana is unaware of it. Akhil informed Ramana that he wishes to buy the estate for himself. Ramana allowed Akhil to buy the estate. Ramana came to know that Akhil had concealed the information regarding the mine. Ramana approached you for an advice to evade that sale.

(S1 1/3&3/5 104(22))

3 YEAR LL.B. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2024.

(Regular & Supplementary)

First Semester

Law

Paper IV – CONSTITUTIONAL LAW – I

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

SECTION A — (6 × 2 = 12 marks)

Answer any SIX of the following questions.

- 1. Doctrine of Pith and Substance.**
- 2. Right against exploitation.**
- 3. Define the term 'Secular'.**
- 4. Equality before law.**
- 5. Right to Education.**
- 6. Other authorities under Article 12.**
- 7. Procedure established by law.**
- 8. Right to die.**
- 9. Constitutional remedies.**
- 10. Division of power.**

SECTION B — (2 × 14 = 28 marks)

Answer TWO of the following questions.

11. How far the 'Fundamental Rights' and the Directive Principles of State Policy are interrelated to ensure constitutional objectives. Support your answer with appropriate precedents.
12. "Article 14 permits reasonable classification but prohibits class legislation". Elaborate with emphasis on landmark judgments.
13. Evaluate the following:
 - (a) Peoples Union for Civil liberty Vs. Union of India.
 - (b) Maneka Gandhi Vs. Union of India.
14. Discuss the safeguards available for a person accused of a crime under the Constitution of India.

SECTION C — (2 × 15 = 30 marks)

Answer any TWO of the following questions.

15. Kumar is a student of a school. During the assembly meeting when National Anthem was sung he did not sing the National Anthem. But he stood silently. When he was enquired as to why he did not sing. He replied that he acted as per the religious belief — Is the Act valid? Decide.

16. Sam was not admitted into the educational institution for the reason that she could not pay capitation fee. Is the action of the management compelling to pay capitation fee for admission valid? — Decide.

17. The State Legislature enacted "prevention of Cow Slaughter Act". Mr. Khan a fourth-year law college student challenged the Act on the ground that cow slaughter is an essential right of Bakrid celebration. Decide.

18. Mr. Rajesh a government servant, was dismissed from the services on charge of corruption after departmental enquiry. Later, on the same grounds, a criminal prosecution was initiated against him. Is it sustainable? Decide.

(S1 1/3&3/5 104 (22))

L.L.B. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE 2023.

(Regular & Supplementary)

First semester

Law

Paper IV-CONSTITUTIONAL LAW-I

Common for I/III and III/V candidates

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

PART- A — (6 × 2 = 12 marks)

Answer any SIX of the following questions.

- 1. Secularism**
- 2. Doctrine of Pleasure**
- 3. Fundamental Duties**
- 4. Freedom of Press**
- 5. Double Jeopardy**
- 6. State**
- 7. Contempt of court**
- 8. Due process**
- 9. Custodial death**
- 10. Double citizenship**

PART-B — (2 × 14 = 28 marks)

Answer any TWO of the following questions.

11. Define personal liberty and discuss the scope of the Article 21 of the Indian Constitution with relevant case laws.
12. Distinguish between the Fundamental rights and Directive principle of State Policy.
13. Explain Article 14 of the Indian Constitution.
14. Discuss the nature, scope and importance of fundamental duties enshrined in the Indian Constitution. Are there duties justiciable? Explain.

PART-C — (2 × 15 = 30 marks)

Answer any TWO of the following questions

15. Hawkers have no fundamental legal right to occupy parts of public streets for doing their business-discuss with relevant case law.
16. Tape-recorded statement made by accused though made without knowledge of the accused but without force of oppression, whether admissible evidence. Decide.

17. 'X' and group of persons assemble in a public place. 'X' wants to address the public. A police officer prohibits holding of a meeting in a public place. Has 'X' violated any law. Decide.

18. Denial of public employment to a citizen on the ground of his past political affinity is challenged as violative of Article 14 and 16. Decide.
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(S1 1/3 & 3/5 104 (22))

3 YEAR L.L.B. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE 2022

(Regular & Supplementary)

First Semester

Paper IV — CONSTITUTIONAL LAW – I

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

PART A – (6 × 2 = 12 marks)

Answer any SIX questions

- 1. Morle – Minto Reforms**
- 2. Sedition**
- 3. Constituent Assembly**
- 4. Sovereignty**
- 5. Liberty**
- 6. Social Reform**
- 7. Minority**
- 8. Backward classes**
- 9. Due process of law**

PART B – (2 × 14 = 28 marks)

Answer any TWO questions

10. Indian constitution is unitary in spirit and federal in character. Discuss explaining the salient features of Indian constitution.
11. Explain how preamble is important in interpreting the constitution.
12. Discuss the freedom of speech and expression under Indian constitution. Whether press is included in freedom of speech. Refer case Laws.
13. Examine the concept of life and personal liberty enshrined under Indian constitution. Refer cases.

PART C – (2 × 15 = 30 marks)

Answer any TWO question

14. 'X' a person's passport was seized by the passport officials without assigning any Reason. Decide.
15. An industry was polluting the nearby surroundings and causing Air pollution. 'A' a social Activist wants to challenge it in the court of law. Advise him.

16.

A, B, C who are students of a school refused to sing National Anthem when it was sung by other students. A, B, C were removed from school. Their parents challenged this action in the court of Law. Discuss.

17.

A police officer arrests a person 'X' without informing the grounds of his Arrest. Discuss and advise 'X'.

(S1 1/3 & 3/5 104(12))

**LL.B. DEGREE EXAMINATION,
AUGUST/SEPTEMBER 2021.**

(Regular & Supplementary)

First Semester

Law

Paper IV : CONSTITUTIONAL LAW — I

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

PART A — (6 × 2 = 12 marks)

Answer any SIX of the following questions.

- 1. Equality.**
- 2. Secularism.**
- 3. Freedoms.**
- 4. Doctrine of severability.**
- 5. Expost facto laws.**
- 6. Habeas corpus.**
- 7. Rule of law.**
- 8. Liberty.**
- 9. Right to life.**
- 10. Right to education.**

PART B — (2 × 14 = 28 marks)

Answer any TWO of the following.

11. The constitution of India though federal exhibits the features of unitary characteristics. Explain.
12. Explain the constitutional remedies available for the enforcement of fundamental rights.
13. Examine the primary status of fundamental Rights over the directive principles of State Policy.
14. Discuss the Rights available to minorities under Indian constitution.

PART C — (2 × 15 = 30 marks)

Answer any TWO of the following.

15. The state government detailed large number of persons under the Narcotic Drugs Act without Trial. The under trial prisoners questioned the validity on the ground of violation of Article 21 of the constitution. Discuss.
16. A student of a community rejected to sing National Anthem in the school. The authorities gave him T.C. and expelled the student. Whether the student is having a right to challenge. Decide with relevant case laws.

17.

Minerva Mills were nationalized in the year 1978. The management challenged on the ground that it effects the right to property of the members of the company. Decide.

18.

A leader of political party complained to the authorities that his telephone is being tapped. In fact his telephone was tapped by the govt in the interests of public safety. Whether 'A' has a right to challenge.

(S1 1/3 & 3/5 104 (12))

**3 YEAR LL.B. DEGREE EXAMINATION,
MARCH 2020.**

First Semester

Paper IV — CONSTITUTIONAL LAW

(Common for I/III and III/IV candidates)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

PART A — (6 × 2 = 12 marks)

Answer any SIX of the following questions.

- 1. Sovereignty.**
- 2. Preamble.**
- 3. Right to privacy.**
- 4. State.**
- 5. Election commission.**
- 6. Lokpal.**
- 7. Independence of Judiciary.**
- 8. Doctrine of pleasure.**
- 9. Financial Emergency.**
- 10. Consolidated fund.**

PART B — (2 × 14 = 28 marks)

Answer any TWO of the following.

11. Explain the scope of the right to personal liberty guaranteed under Art. 21 of the constitution?
12. Explain the privileges and immunities of parliament members.
13. Describe the law relating to amendment of Indian Constitution.
14. Explain the inter relationship between fundamental rights and directive principles of state policy.

PART C — (2 × 15 = 30 marks)

Answer any TWO of the following.

15. Newspaper 'N' had printed some news to tarnish the reputation of local M.L.A. can any action be taken against the newspaper?
16. 'X' was arrested by the police and he was not informed the grounds of arrest. Advise 'X'?
17. Soni a forward caste girl aged 16 years was given in adoption to a scheduled tribe family. Soni secured admission into the state medical college under schedule tribe category. The adoption of Soni was challenged. Decide.

18.

The Prime Minister of India wants to appoint a famous scientist who is not a member of parliament as Cabinet Minister for science and technology. The same was opposed by the members of parliament. Advise.

(S1 1/3&3/5 105(22))

3 YEAR LL.B. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2024

(Regular & Supplementary)

First Semester

Paper V — CONSTITUTIONAL LAW – II

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

PART A — (6 × 2 = 12 marks)

Answer any SIX of the following questions.

- 1. Theories of Basic Structure**
- 2. Comptroller and Auditor General of India**
- 3. Parliamentary Committees**
- 4. Lok Sabha**
- 5. Zero Hour**
- 6. Scope of Article 227**
- 7. Advisory Jurisdiction**
- 8. Madamus**
- 9. Court of Record**
- 10. Special status**

PART B — (2 × 14 = 28 marks)

Answer any TWO of the following questions.

11. Evaluate the Financial Relations between the Union and the States.
12. Critically examine the laws relating to the appointment and transfer of judges of Supreme Court and High Courts of India with relevant case laws.
13. How does the union parliament get its power to legislate on state subjects?
14. What is Money Bill? Explain in detail the procedure of passing of money bill and ordinary bill.

PART C — (2 × 15 = 30 marks)

Answer any TWO of the following questions.

15. The Supreme Court of India passed an order transferring a long pending case in a special court to the High Court on the ground that speedy trial is a fundamental right under the constitution. Decide on the constitutional validity of the order.

16.

The speaker of legislative assembly was openly threatening a sitting judge of the High Court in a public meeting. The High Court called upon the speaker to appear before the High Court to answer a charge of contempt of court. When he failed to appear before the court, the court directed the Government to produce him before the court. The speaker claimed immunity from liability for contempt of court. Can his claim be sustained in law?

17.

'X' was dismissed from service based on the findings under Public Service Enquiry Act 1960. Subsequently 'X' was prosecuted under the various offences of the Prevention of Corruption Act and the Indian Penal Code. Is it sustainable? Advise.

18.

National Emergency was imposed, and all the fundamental rights were Suspended by Presidential Declaration. A civil liberties activist approached the High Court for violation his right to life and personal liberty. Decide.

(S1 1/3 & 3/5 105(22))

LL.B DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE 2023.

(Regular & Supplementary)

First Semester

Law

(Common for I/III and III/V candidates)

Paper V — CONSTITUTIONAL LAW - II

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

PART A — (6 × 2 = 12 marks)

Answer any SIX of the following questions.

- 1. Doctrine of Colourable legislation.**
- 2. Right to property**
- 3. Writ of Certiorari.**
- 4. Money Bill**
- 5. Stare decisis.**
- 6. Residuary Powers**
- 7. Sarkaria Commission**
- 8. Judicial Review**
- 9. Special Status.**
- 10. R.K. Garg v. U.O.I**

PART B — (2 × 14 = 28 marks)

Answer any TWO of the following questions.

11. Explain the Doctrine of pleasure in India and state its limitations.
12. Discuss whether the emergency provisions modify the federal character of the Indian Constitution.
13. Examine the dual capacity of Governor of States under our Constitution.
14. Explain the appointment of High Court Judges, with reference to decided cases.

PART C — (2 × 15 = 30 marks)

Answer any TWO of the following questions.

15. President of India wants to appoint Mr. 'A', as a Supreme Court Judge under the categories of Scheduled Caste and accordingly writes a letter to Chief Justice of India. But the Chief Justice rejected this proposal. Can the Chief Justice of India can reject the proposal of President of India? Refer judicial decisions and established practices.
16. 'X' was selected as Jail Superintendent of Men's Jail ignoring the seniority of a Women's Jailor 'Y', advise whether Y can sue the State?

17. Police on the grounds that S was an accused in a cognizable offence arrested 'S', but S was not produced before the court. S's friends want to move the Court. Advise.

18. X was dismissed from services on a charge of misconduct. Again, X was tried for a criminal case. X contents that he cannot be punished twice. Decide.

(S1 1/3 & 3/5 105(22))

**3 YEAR LL.B. DEGREE EXAMINATION,
JUNE 2022.**

(Regular & Supplementary)

First Semester

Paper V — CONSTITUTIONAL LAW – II

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

PART A — (6 × 2 = 12 marks)

Answer any SIX question.

- 1. West Monster model**
- 2. Parliamentary government**
- 3. Federalism**
- 4. Special status**
- 5. Political federalism**
- 6. Governor**
- 7. Co-operative societies**
- 8. S.R. Bommai case**
- 9. Basic structure Doctrine**

PART B — (2 × 14 = 28 marks)

Answer any TWO questions.

10. Discuss the election of the president and powers of president with specific reference to pardoning power.
11. Explain in brief the center-state relations basing on principles of federalism.
12. Explain Judicial Review and Nature of Judicial Review in the light of Judicial Activism.
13. Discuss 'Services under Indian constitution' Refer case Laws.

PART C — (2 × 15 = 30 marks)

Answer any TWO questions.

14. X was convicted with death penalty. He pleads mercy and files a petition. There was inordinate delay in disposing this petition. He approaches supreme court. Decide.
15. State B enacted a Law prescribing English as the medium of instruction in schools of State B. This law was challenged as the state is neglecting the state language. Discuss.

2 (S1 1/3 & 3/5 105(22))

16.

X a senior head of a Hindu Mutt challenged the state governments attempts under two state Land Reforms Acts which imposed restrictions on the management of Mutt property. X challenged this stating that he has the right to manage religious property without interference of government. Decide.

17.

X an international Airport Authority filed a writ petition against Y the municipal corporation for levying the property tax including arrears for four years. X contends that Airport is under the purview of central government and so exempted from tax payment. Discuss.

3 (S1 1/3 & 3/5 105(22))